



Municipal Budgets

Fiscal Year June 30, 2025

March 10, 2025

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Comptroller of the Treasury



DIVISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE



Annual Report on Municipal Budgets

Fiscal Year June 30, 2025

Tenn. Code Ann. § 9-21-403 and 404

Tennessee Budget Manual for Local Governments

OVERVIEW AND SCOPE

The Comptroller's Division of Local Government Finance (LGF) reviews and approves annual operating budgets for Tennessee's 342 municipalities. Tennessee municipalities operate on a fiscal year end ending June 30th and prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, must adopt a budget ordinance and file it, with other required documents, to LGF within 15 calendar days following adoption.

The scope of this report is limited to the results of budget reviews for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. More information about the Comptroller's budget approval process is available online.

APPROVAL PROCESS

Within 30 days of receipt, the Division of Local Government Finance reviews a budget submission and sends a letter to the governing body of the municipality outlining the results of the review. Those letters are available <u>online</u>. Each budget submission will be approved, conditionally approved, or not approved.

Approved: Budgets are approved when projected revenues and other available funds are sufficient to meet anticipated expenditures (or expenses). An approved budget may still have comments regarding areas that should be addressed in future years.

Conditionally Approved: When budgets are conditionally approved, there is some required action by local officials. Generally, if the condition for approval is not met within a certain timeframe, the budget will not be approved.

Not Approved: Budgets are not approved when a municipality has a delinquent budget, a delinquent audit, continued noncompliance issues, or fails to meet conditions for approval.



State legislators have recognized the importance of having an approved budget by passing legislation specifying that when a municipality's budget is not approved, the governing body may not issue debt or financing obligations. The Comptroller's Office may waive the requirement of budget approval to allow the municipality to enter into emergency financial transactions. See Tenn. Code Ann. § 9-21-404. Appendix A includes a listing of municipalities with budgets that were not approved for fiscal year 2025.

2025 APPROVAL RESULTS

Initial budget reviews for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, resulted in **244** approvals, **58** conditional approvals, and **40** budgets that were not approved. After local officials had the opportunity to meet conditions for approval, approvals increased to **289**, conditional approvals for continued compliance with directives from the Tennessee Board of Utility Regulation remained at **5**, and budgets that were not approved increased to **48**.

	2025	2024	2023	
Initial Review				
Approved	244	230	219	
Conditionally Approved	58	74	93	Approval
Not Approved	40	38	30	Trend
Final Review				
Approved	289	286	273	
Conditionally Approved	5	8	30	
Not Approved	48	48	39	

Budget Certificates

An important part of our review process is recognizing a job well done. To be effective, a budget should be adopted prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, be based on reliable estimates, be structurally balanced, provide for cash liquidity, allow for adequate reserves, be monitored throughout the year, and be amended, as necessary. The Comptroller's Office has an Annual Budget Certificate program to recognize local officials that adopt budgets meeting the following specific criteria:

- The budget was adopted on or before the fiscal year end;
- The budget was filed with the Division of Local Government Finance within 15 days of adoption;
- No issues of concern were raised during our review of the budget; and
- The municipality is not currently under the oversight of the Tennessee Board of Utility Regulation.



We congratulate local officials from the **90** municipalities that were awarded a budget certificate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. The names of the most recent recipients of the Annual Budget Certificate may be found at: tncot.cc/budgetcertificates.

Budget Certificate Trend	2025	2024	2023
	90	89	116

UNDERLYING CAUSES FOR DIFFERENT APPROVAL TYPES

Fiscal Year 2025 Budgets Not Approved

Appendix A includes a complete listing of municipalities with budgets that were not approved for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Budgets were not approved for the following reasons:

- The municipality had one or more late audits at the time of our review of the budget. Municipalities are required to file their annual audit with the Comptroller's Division of Local Government Audit within six months after the end of the fiscal year.
- The budget was filed more than two months after the beginning of the fiscal year.
- The budget was not submitted for review.
- The conditions required for approval were not met.
- Required items from the prior year budget review letter were not corrected.

Fiscal Year 2025 Budgets Conditionally Approved

When a budget submission does not meet basic requirements, the budget is approved conditioned upon action by local officials and cannot be approved until the condition(s) is met. Budgets were conditionally approved for the following general reasons:

- Planned spending in the detailed budget was not legally appropriated in the budget ordinance.
- Debt service requirements for principal and/or interest were omitted from the budget ordinance or detailed budget.
- The amount budgeted for ending fund balance was at a level of concern.
- Utility funds projected a statutory decrease in net position.
- Depreciation expense was not based upon a reasonable estimate.
- Depreciation expense was not budgeted.
- The budget was not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- The budget submission was incomplete.
- Issues addressed from prior years were not corrected.
- The municipality was under the Tennessee Board of Utility Regulation (TBOUR) and approval was conditioned upon continued compliance with TBOUR directives.



Fiscal Year 2025 Budget Considerations and Recommendations for Future Years

Considerations for the next budget year and recommended best practices are an important part of our annual review of the budget and included the following areas:

- The budget was not adopted prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.
- The budget was not filed with the Comptroller's Office within 15 days of adoption.
- Local officials budgeted the use of fund balance below minimum fund balance policy.
- The budget anticipated a low cash and/or fund balance that should be closely monitored.
- The most recent audit reflected expenditures were not legally appropriated in the budget.
- The municipality was under the oversight of the Tennessee Board of Utility Regulation.
- Fund balance and cash management policies were recommended as best practices.
- The budget submission was incomplete and omitted required information.
- The detailed budget was not presented in a three-column format that presented prior, current, and budget years.
- Supporting schedules were omitted from the submission.
- Estimated revenue and expenditure amounts were not supported by reasonable assumptions resulting in unrealistic budgetary estimates.
- The governing body budgeted to spend all revenue and reserves.
- The number of funds in the budget did not agree with the number of funds in the audit.
- The budget ordinance omitted required information.
- The budget was amended *after* expenditures were made. To provide legal spending authority, the budget should be amended prior to spending.
- The detailed budget reflected the use of nonrecurring revenue to pay for recurring expenditures.
- The budget did not follow generally accepted accounting principles.
- Submission documents were not legible.
- Transfers between funds were not budgeted.
- Best practices were recommended (for example: fund balance policy, cash management policy, adoption of utility budgets by resolution, etc.)
- Expenditures for capital projects were not appropriated.
- The use of fund balance was budgeted for recurring expenditures.

The most repeated comments in our review letters related to: (1) expenditures that were not legally appropriated in the budget ordinance, as evidenced by the most recent audit on file, and (2) incomplete budget submissions. Because findings related to failure to amend the budget throughout the year has been a recurring issue and an area of concern, to support local officials, we published "Steps to a Well-Balanced Budget" and a companion document to address related questions asked by local officials. Both of these publications are available online.

For a snapshot of the results of our 2025 budget reviews, we encourage you to check out Appendix B.



Appendix A Fiscal Year 2025 Budgets Not Approved

Municipalities may not issue debt or financing obligations without an approved budget. The Comptroller's Office may waive the requirement of budget approval to allow the municipality to enter into emergency financial transactions.

	Municipality	County	Reason Not Approved
1.	Altamont	Grundy	condition for approval not met
2.	Baneberry	Jefferson	late audit
3.	Beersheba Springs	Grundy	repeated compliance failures
4.	Benton	Polk	late audit
5.	Bethel Springs	McNairy	budget filed late
6.	Big Sandy	Benton	budget not filed, late audits
7.	Burlison	Tipton	condition for approval not met
8.	Clarksburg	Carroll	condition for approval not met
9.	Cottage Grove	Henry	budget not filed, late audits
10.	Decherd	Franklin	late audit
11.	Ethridge	Lawrence	budget not filed
12.	Friendship	Crockett	late audit
13.	Garland	Tipton	late audit
14.	Gibson	Gibson	late audits
15.	Gleason	Weakley	late audit
16.	Graysville	Rhea	late audit
17.	Henning	Lauderdale	condition for approval not met
18.	Hollow Rock	Carroll	budget not filed, late audit
19.	Jacksboro	Campbell	late audit
20.	Jamestown	Fentress	late audits
21.	Livingston	Overton	late audit
22.	Lynnville	Giles	budget not filed, late audit
23.	Manchester	Coffee	late audit
24.	Mason	Tipton	budget not filed
25.	Millersville	Robertson, Sumner	uncertainty of budget information
26.	Minor Hill	Giles	budget not filed, late audit
27.	Moscow	Fayette	budget not filed, late audits
28.	Mount Carmel	Hawkins	late audit
29.	Normandy	Bedford	late audits
30.	Oliver Springs	Anderson, Morgan, Roane	late audit
31.	Oneida	Scott	late audits



	Municipality	County	Reason Not Approved
32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45.	Parrottsville Rives Samburg Sharon Slayden Smithville Sneedville South Pittsburg Sparta Spring Hill Tellico Plains Tennessee Ridge Viola Wartrace Watertown	Cocke Obion Obion Weakley Dickson DeKalb Hancock Marion White Williamson, Maury Monroe Houston, Stewart Warren Bedford Wilson	late audit condition for approval not met budget not filed, late audit late audits budget not filed condition for approval not met late audit late audit late audit late audit repeated compliance failures prior condition for approval not met condition for approval not met
47. 48.	Williston Yorkville	Fayette Gibson	late audit budget not filed, late audits
70.	TOTRVIIIC	Glosofi	budget not med, fate audits

Fiscal Year 2025 Budgets Conditionally Approved on Continued Compliance with Directives of the Tennessee Board of Utility Regulation (TBOUR)

Municipalities that received a budget approval conditioned upon continued compliance with directives of TBOUR must first reach out to the Division of Local Government Finance prior to issuing debt. At that time, the division will confirm the municipality is complying with TBOUR directives.

	Municipality	County
1.	Hornsby	Hardeman
2.	Huntland	Franklin
3.	Petersburg	Lincoln, Marshall
4.	Stanton	Haywood
5.	Sunbright	Morgan



Appendix B

2025 AT A GLANCE

BUDGET AND OTHER INFORMATION FOR TENNESSEE'S 342 MUNICIPALITIES



47 budgets were approved with no future considerations.



242 municipalities operate a water, sewer, or gas utility.



66 budget letters mentioned TBOUR Oversight.



90 municipalities earned a budget certificate.



295 municipalities adopted a timely budget.



117 municipalities reported no general government debt.



33 municipalities have a city school system.



48 budgets were not approved.



10 municipalities earned GFOA's Budget Award.



220 budget reviews received a commendation.



172 municipalities have a population of 2,000 or less.



197 budgets were approved with future requirements.



262 budgets were submitted for review within 15 days of adoption.



58 budgets required action before approval.



74 municipalities do not levy a property tax.



144 municipalities reported expenditures that exceeded budgetary authority.

^{*}These statistics are based upon our budget review results and the most recent information available at the time of our budget review and/or publication of this report, which included audited information for fiscal year 2023.